

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

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PATIENT

Annie Klingaman

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Cockapoo

SEX

Female Spayed

AGE

15 years

WEIGHT

18.1lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Maggie Machen Lamy,
DVM, DACVIM
(Cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Stephanie Pearce,
RDCS, RVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Prime Care Animal
Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Martin

INVOICE

22303

DATE

12/6/21

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Recheck echo. Grade 4/6 systolic murmur.

-Pertinent abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: NSF.

-Current medications: Vetmedin 5mg 1/2 a.m., 1/4 p.m.

-Sedation used: Not required for a full diagnostic ultrasound.

-Pertinent previous ultrasound results (7-27-2020 MML): Moderate MR, moderate LAE, mild LVE, trivial TR. LA: 2.38, LV: 3.3.

-STAT: Not requested.

ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS

2D, m-mode, color flow and doppler imaging is available. Diffuse thickening of mitral valve leaflets with prolapse into the left atrial lumen. Severe eccentric mitral regurgitation with severe left atrial dilation. LV dilation with hyperdynamic myocardial function. The tricuspid valve appears thickened with mild to moderate tricuspid regurgitation. Normal TR velocity. Right heart is normal. The pulmonic and aortic valves are normal in morphology and mobility. Normal pulmonic and aortic outflow velocities. No aortic or pulmonic insufficiency. No pericardial or pleural effusion noted. No obvious cardiac tumors observed.

CARDIAC CHART

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	5.2	2.5	NM	2.1	40	72	NM
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW
PATIENT	190	1.1	0.7	8.2	3.2	4.0	2.4
*Normal chamber parameters expressed as a mean value (SD)				3	1.27 (5.3)	2.46 (2.46)	1.36 (5.5)
BODY WEIGHT DEPENDENT PARAMETERS				5	1.40 (4.5)	2.74 (5.2)	1.60 (4.7)
<i>*Note: All measurements based upon multi-modal images and methods. An average value is reported.</i>				10	1.50 (3.8)	3.27 (3.5)	2.06 (3.1)
				15	1.83 (2.0)	3.71 (2.4)	2.43 (2.1)
				20	2.02 (1.9)	4.14 (2.2)	2.80 (2.0)
				25	2.18 (2.4)	4.48 (2.9)	3.10 (2.5)
				30	2.33 (3.3)	4.83 (3.9)	3.39 (3.4)
				35	2.48 (4.3)	5.17 (5.0)	3.69 (4.5)
				40	2.62 (5.2)	5.48 (6.1)	3.96 (5.4)
				50	2.88 (7.1)	6.07 (8.3)	4.46 (7.4)

Adapted from June Boon, Veterinary Echocardiography, 1998
Rishniw M and Hollis NE, J Vet Intern Med 2000; 14:429-435
Hansson et al, Vet Rad and Ultrasound 2002
Bonagura et al. Echocardiography: principles of interpretation, Vet Clin North Am 15:1177, 1995

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Chronic degenerative valve disease persists with evidence of significant progression. Moderate disease has progressed to severe with severe mitral and mild to moderate tricuspid regurgitation. Significant left atrial and ventricular enlargement indicate the risk for spontaneous congestive heart failure is elevated. No obvious additional issues are noted.

Given progression and severity of disease seen here, recommend additional medications including an ACE-I and Spironolactone for potential long-term benefit. This is independent of symptoms which are not reported at this time. Monitoring of sleeping breathing rates is recommended as the best way to screen for CHF at home.

Omega fatty acid supplementation and mild salt restriction may also be of some long-term benefit. Monitor for development of a worsening cough, labored breathing, exercise intolerance or collapse episodes. Long term prognosis is guarded with risk for development to CHF, development of arrhythmias/LA tear, syncope and/or sudden death in the future.

Elective anesthesia is not advised, as there is high risk for complication.

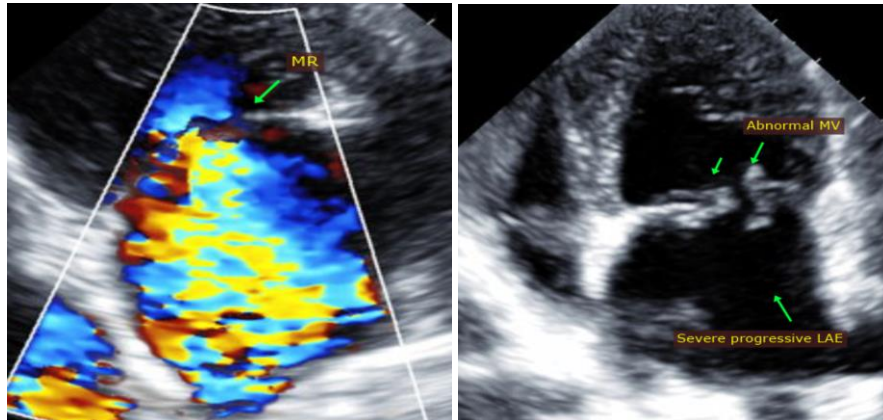
PLAN

Continue Pimobendan 0.3mg/kg PO q12h. Institute Spironolactone 1-2mg/kg PO q12h. Baseline BP recommended. If >130mmHg, institute ACE-I (benazepril or enalapril) 0.5mg/kg PO q12h. Consider hydrocodone if needed for quality of life.

A renal panel is recommended in 1-2 weeks, then every 3-4 months lifelong.

A recheck echocardiogram is recommended in 6 months to screen for progression, sooner if clinical signs arise.

IMAGES



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. This report was generated using transcription software, and minor dictation errors may be present. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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